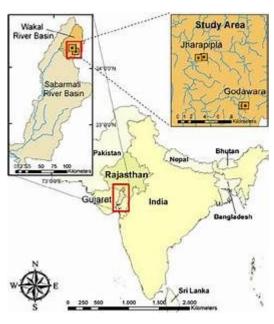


## **Resource Management: Wakel River Basin**

The Wakel River Basin can be found in **North India**, in the region of **Rajasthan**. This is the **driest region** of India, with less than 250mm of rain falling each year and temperatures up to 53°C lead to high levels of **evaporation**.

The lack of clean water has created two problems for the region:

- Water extraction isn't regulated, so many villages have over-extracted water supplies. A lack of groundwater can lead to several other problems, such as salinisation of the soil or waterlogging.
- Crops can't be irrigated fully, because clean water supplies are low and some wells are becoming increasingly salty (salinisation). This



will lead to crop failures which will impact the food security for the region.

Source: Research Gate

Therefore, the basin needs a management project to protect the supply of clean water.

## Wakel River Basin Management

<u>Who?</u> The United States Agency for International Development (**USAID**) - an NGO that promotes international cooperation to improve the quality of life in developing countries.

When? The programme ran between 2004 to 2014

## How?



This work by PMT Education is licensed under CC BY-NC-ND 4.0







Source: The Architecture Times

Description: Concrete containers underground, for water collected from roofs. Concrete creates a cool storage, so

 water isn't lost through evaporation
Producing concrete releases carbon dioxide, which contributes to Global Warming. Source: World Wetlands Day

Description: Earth and sand can be used to build small dams, to increase the water flow in rivers

- Johut dams can keep water flowing through rivers all year round
- Johut dams affect the water supplies in a small quantity, so might not help the entire village.



Source: Columbia.edu

Description: Small dams (bunds) divert water from a stream into farmlands, for irrigation.

Farmlands can receive a constant supply of water, reducing the risk of crop failures.

Channels need constant maintenance and clearing, because they fill with silt.



Source: AKDN.org

▶ Image: PMTEducation

Description: Creating awareness of protecting clean water supplies, reducing waste and not extracting too much water.

- Reducing over-extraction can reduce soil erosion & salinisation, which would impact food supplies in the future.
  - This is a long term solution, and it takes time to change people's habits.

